

REVIVED BELGIANS REPULSE ATTACKS OF GERMANS IN REGIONS ABOUT TERMONDE

sure indications that the enemy's forces are failing.

"The French attempt to cut through the German right wing was broken and without notable exertion on the German side.

"The German army is advancing slowly but surely.

"A sortie from Verdun on the right bank of the Meuse was most easily repulsed.

"The German staff states that all the German airships are coming up to expectations in long and dangerous flights. Some were damaged, but all of them were repaired. None was destroyed or captured by the enemy."

Taking cognizance of the demand for more information as voiced by many of the newspapers, the War Office issued this statement:

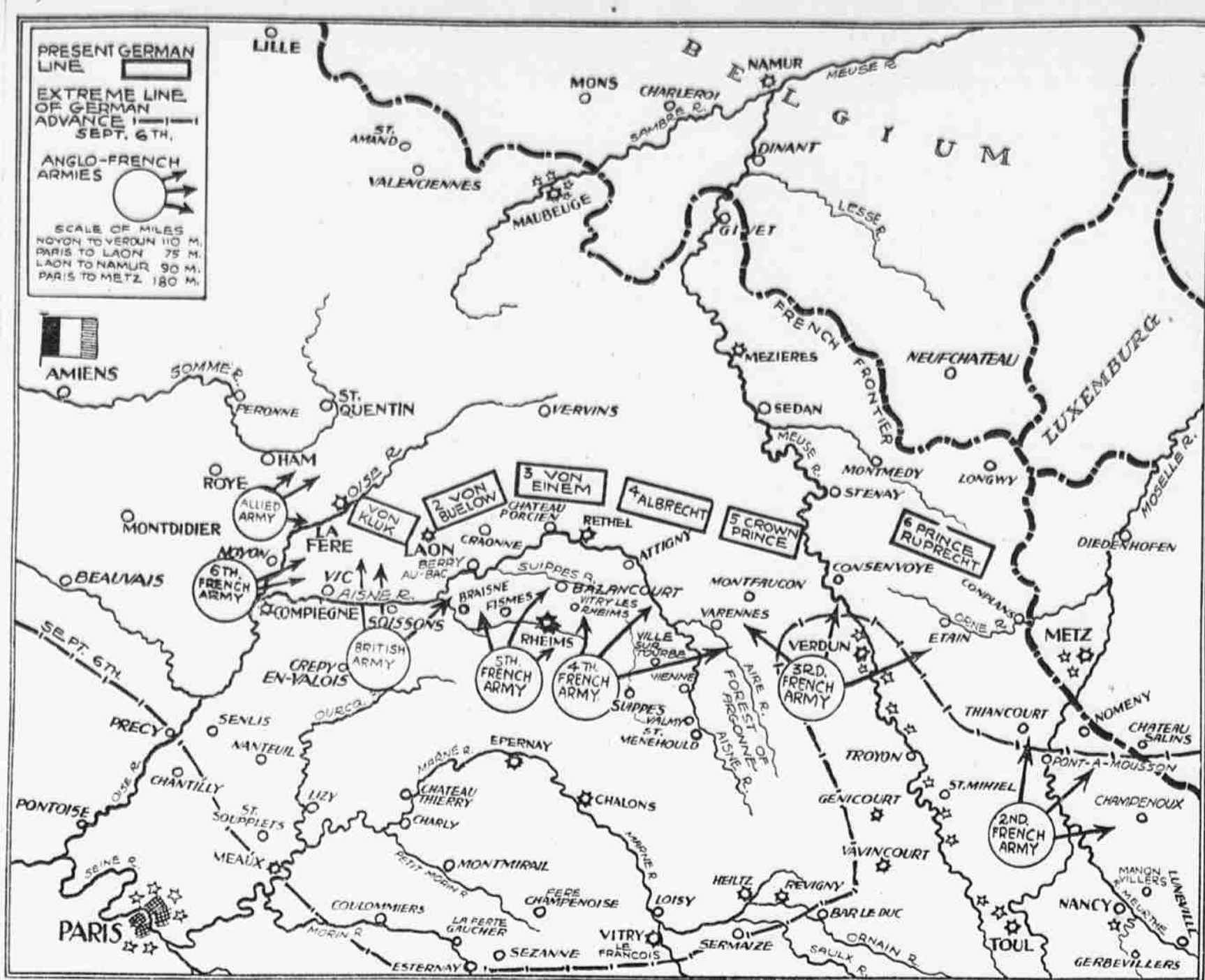
Referring to the opinions expressed here that in her own interest, Germany should publish a larger number and more detailed reports from the battlefield as the

foreign press is daily getting such reports from our enemies.

Military considerations will not permit such publications, as a prematurely published dispatch might mean grave danger to the German armies. That is the only reason why the General Staff is keeping operations on the battlefield secret. Unofficially, it is stated that the French have been directing their attention to the army of the Crown Prince, which, it is said, has suffered very heavily. However, it holds a position of enormous strength and is repulsed every attack. The German artillery, it is explained, is causing enormous losses to the French who have been unable to make any impression on the German positions at any point.

The several attempts of the allies to envelop the German right wing have been repulsed with great loss.

Measures have been taken in Berlin to protect works of art in Belgium. Superintendent-Director Falke, of the Berlin Art Museum, has been charged to take all proper measures



The battle of the Aisne, which is developing into one of the greatest artillery battles in all history and the greatest in the present war, is still continuing, with no definite results on either side. The French and British troops reached the line of the Aisne as early as last Sunday, and the battle has now been going on for five days. New French troops have been brought up on the extreme left from the west; the English are operating near Soissons, while the French centre runs from Berry-au-Bac, northwest of Rheims, to the Argonne district where it is confronted by the army of von Bülow, von Einem, who has just succeeded von Hausen, and Duke Albrecht of Württemberg. The Crown Prince is entrenched between Montfaucon and the Meuse River.

BELGIANS REPULSE GERMANS IN BATTLE AROUND TERMONDE

Offensive Movement Against Invaders Continues and Raiding Bands of Uhlans Are Destroyed.

ANTWERP, Sept. 18.

The Belgian army continues its offensive movement and is attacking the Germans with great success, according to an official announcement made by the War Office today. Fighting has been severe around Termonde. Both sides are using artillery and the guns have been booming day and night since late on Wednesday.

The Germans attempted to cross the river Termonde after the Belgians had destroyed the bridge and were met with a withering fire that forced them to fall back.

The following official communiqué has been issued:

Near Ypres the German forces were defeated and retreated to France, where they were annihilated by the French.

Near Poperinghe a column of 2000 German cavalry, with mitrailleuses and wagons of provisions and other vehicles were attacked by 1000 French cavalrymen. The fight lasted two hours. Fifty Germans were killed and 100 taken prisoners. The remainder fled to France, where they were attacked and defeated by the British.

On Wednesday night the 8th German Infantry, an artillery corps, a pontoon corps and some Uhlans returned unexpectedly to Termonde. They burned the bridge, but were discovered by Belgian soldiers, who were masked on the left bank of the Scheldt River. Fierce fighting occurred, and the Germans were driven back in disorder toward the Meuse.

The Germans have blown up the railway bridge south of Dender, cutting off railroad communication between Termonde and Brussels.

The Germans are said now to have about 10,000 men in Belgium. Their aviators have been very active during the last 24 hours. Three Taube aeroplanes have been sighted from the Antwerp forts during that time, leading to reports that the Germans were planning an attack on the city, but the War Office statement assured the people, declaring that there was no danger of an assault or bombardment while the Belgian army stayed in the field.

One of the aeroplanes was pursued by three Belgian aviators, but it escaped. The German aeroplanes seem to be much faster than those of the Belgians. There are rumors that important developments may be expected in North Belgium shortly. It is permitted only to state that the Germans are apparently anxious to drive the Belgian army into Antwerp and are fortifying positions west of Brussels and between that city and Louvain.

Numerous scouting parties of Uhlans have been reported west of Brussels recently. All German wounded in Brussels have been removed to have in anticipation of an attack on the city.

BRITISH ADMIT GERMANS HAVE REPULSED ATTACKS

LONDON, Sept. 18.

Advices from the fighting front in France indicate that the German lines are holding under severe pressure from the allies.

The German centre, especially the army of the Crown Prince, has been heavily reinforced by troops from Luxembourg and all efforts of the French to break its resistance have so far failed. It is stated that an artillery duel is in progress at many points along the line.

Among the casualties reported is the death of the French General Bataille, who was killed in action.

The official account of the operation of the British army in France, written by a member of the staff of Field Marshal Sir John French and issued through the Government Press Bureau, has greatly strengthened the confidence of the British public. Also, it has heightened the pride of the English in their soldiers across the Channel, for it shows that they have been held upon the battle line at the critical point, where fighting qualities were at a premium.

According to the narrative all three British corps were massed against the German right wing and the western part of the German centre. Courageous veterans were needed there, for they were opposed to the legions of the reserve General von Kluck, that had pressed southward with crushing force around the eastern side of Paris.

When the time came to take the offensive against the victorious German right, the British were sent forward to

lead the action. Although strongly supported by French cavalry and artillery, the English forces were massed at the point where the Germans seemed to be most dangerous.

When the Germans made their stand east of the Oise and along the Aisne, the three British corps were concentrated against the German right.

The Third army corps took up its position near Soissons, east of it the Second British corps was stationed, and on its western flank lies the First corps.

The position of these troops makes them the real defenders of Paris, for the French army of Paris, which was sent out under General D'Aumale at the time the offensive campaign was begun, has moved far to the north.

If, through any blunder, the German army would be able to move forward from its trenches and take the aggressive it would be the duty of the English to fall back toward the southwest, forming a half ring about the capital to protect it from the invaders.

The report shows that the Germans fell back across four French rivers without serious resistance against the pursuing allies. It also shows that the flight of the Germans was rapid, for at some points they had made ineffectual efforts to destroy large quantities of ammunition which they had to carry with them.

Many ammunition wagons and automobile vans, which had been used for the transportation of supplies, were destroyed to prevent their falling into the hands of the French and English.

FRANCE RALLIES NEW ARMY TO AID BRITISH FORCES

BORDEAUX, Sept. 18.

France has begun the formation of a new army to be put into the field against the Germans at the earliest possible moment.

It was learned at the War Office that it will be composed of territorials and recruits.

This army will be sent to the front to co-operate with another British army which will soon be sent from England, as soon as the necessary equipment and drill work are concluded.

That the great battle still in progress in Northern France continues a draw was admitted at military headquarters today. It was said that it might be two or three days yet before there would be any appreciable change. Both armies have been reinforced and at no point has there been any show of weakness.

The death of General Bataille was announced today. He was killed in battle.

Seventeen hundred German prisoners, some of them wounded, have just passed through Troyes on the way to a detention camp in Southern France. The wounded are being attended by German nurses.

German prisoners complain of the long, forced marches they were compelled to make. Some of General von Kluck's men covered from 26 to 32 miles a day. Some of the wounded Germans said that one day they marched for 22 hours, with only two hours for sleep.

Official announcement of the defeat

of the Germans in their attack on Nancy is given in a dispatch received at the War Office today from General Durand, the military governor there.

"Thanks to the success of our armies and the brave resistance of the troops all danger to the former capital of Lorraine is averted," the dispatch added.

By order of President Poincaré a message of congratulation was immediately sent to General Durand and to General Castelnau, commander of the troops who have been fighting on the heights about Nancy.

"Your noble efforts against the enemy are an inspiration to the republic," said the message of congratulation. "The victory is most important, because the failure of the enemy to capture the heights has prevented him from penetrating our lines."

The Government's pleasure over the situation at Nancy is increased by the fact that Emperor William is understood to have been with the German troops there during part of the attack.

Dispatches from the regions north of Chalon Sur Saône state that the German trenches are very strongly constructed one metre deep and covered and flanked on their perpendicular with hidden mitrailleuses.

Throughout the whole region the municipal authorities are absent. The Germans ordered numerous houses burned and pillaged those whose doors were closed. They spread false reports among their troops, alleging the Germans were shortly to enter Paris and that the present retreat is a feint.

WAKE COLLAPSES WHEN "DEAD" MAN BOBS UP ALIVE

Rides Home From Hospital With Casket and Floral Display.

Michael Zaborowski, of 210 East Montmouth street, had a wake yesterday and an undertaker was dancing in attention. Michael's relations, after the festivities started, telephoned to the Philadelphia Hospital, requesting that the body of Michael be sent home. It was the only part of the wake that was missing. They stated that the undertaker with an expensive casket and all the other things necessary for a neighborhood funeral would call for the remains.

The undertaker did call and Michael, who managed to get out of bed although he had a sprained ankle, climbed into the wagon. He accompanied the coffin and the floral display home.

Michael strode into the banquet room just like one of the characters of Shakespeare's drama. He did not wave a sword or rant. He just asked that food and drink be passed to him. He said he deserved it as the main feature of the occasion. He got all he asked for. He said today it was fine to be reported dead.

TO USE STANDARD OIL CO. IN PAYING OFF MISSIONARIES

Company Offers Its Services Since Foreign Drafts Are Suspended.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—Missionaries in China, Japan, Siam, Korea and Philippines and other parts of the world for all the Protestant Foreign Mission Boards in the United States will receive their regular salaries and allowances through agents of the Standard Oil Company. The corporation has agreed to advance the funds to the missionaries in the form of a loan, without compensation, other than reimbursement for the actual cost of exchange. Any amount up to \$2500 may be supplied.

Heretofore the home offices of the various societies paid their representatives on the field by foreign drafts, but this method has been suspended because of the war. E. Walter Roberts, assistant treasurer of the Employment Board, was elected general treasurer to handle the new transactions.

Pinchot Talks to Small Crowd.

BRADFORD, Pa., Sept. 18.—Gifford Pinchot was scheduled to address a crowd on the public square at noon today and the crowd was there, but Mr. Pinchot, who arrived at 11:30 in an auto, waited to eat his dinner and a crowd of his audience went home as he lost some of his audience. The candidate discussed the issues to a fair sized crowd. Others who spoke were Guy B. May, candidate for Congress, and Messrs. Smith and Watkins, Assembly candidates from this county.

KAISER PLAYS LAST DIPLOMATIC CARD; ITALY'S AID STAKE

Victor Emmanuel Declines to Receive Imperial Representative and Is Called "Traitor," According to Report.

ROME, Sept. 18.—Germany has played its last card in the diplomatic game that has been in progress here for weeks with the assistance of Italy in the present war as the stake, and apparently has lost.

It was learned from a reliable source today that a special messenger arrived here from Berlin on Wednesday evening and departed last night. It is reported he came as a personal representative of Emperor William. Whether his sudden departure was due to the refusal of King Victor Emmanuel to receive him cannot be ascertained.

Several papers in Paris report that the Kaiser sent to the King of Italy the following telegram:

"Conqueror or conquered I shall never forget your treason."

Italian reservists have been called for September 23, which is taken to mean Italy's withdrawal from the Triple Alliance on that date.

The Italian radical party today will vote an order of the day in Parliament asking the Government to forsake its policy of neutrality and to ally itself with the Triple Alliance. The anarchist party has declared against war.

Demonstrations against the Government's policy of neutrality continue and the war fever is aggravated by popular resentment at unemployment.

The Italian military attaché at Berlin has been recalled and it is understood that the German military time will be withdrawn from Rome.

WAR BY BALKAN STATES REGARDED AS INEVITABLE

Missionary Tells of Preparations for Hostilities.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 18.—General Ralph E. Prime, a missionary, who recently returned from Italy and Syria, today said extraordinary preparations are being made in anticipation of war by Italy, Turkey and Greece. The troops of those nations, he declared, are being drilled constantly and the people consider the outbreak of hostilities inevitable.

"The common belief in Syria and Turkey is that the German cruisers Goeben

LUSITANIA MAY TRANSPORT CANADIAN TROOPS TO WAR

Cunard Liner, in New York, Gets Rush Orders for Halifax.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—The giant liner Lusitania had hardly warped into her dock at 1:30 o'clock this morning when her crew began immediately the work of reloading the speedy Cunarder.

Although the Lusitania's officers refused confirmation, it was reported the boat would be rushed to Halifax tonight to carry Canadian troops to England.

The Lusitania arrived off Quarantine about midnight. She was to have remained at anchor in the Narrows all night, and a big dance had been planned. Rush orders to proceed to her dock under permission from customs officials ended the festivities.

On board were 150 passengers, on in the saloon. Among the latter were Mrs. George Vanderbilt, Miss Cornelia Vanderbilt, Chauncey M. Dopey, Jr., and Mrs. Thomas Bailey Aldrich. Servants of Andrew Carnegie, who were on board, said the steel king would be in the Baltic later today.

The Cunard Line officials this afternoon declared that the publication of the stories to the effect that the Lusitania would be taken over as a transport was causing them a great deal of annoyance. The Lusitania will sail for Liverpool on Wednesday with passengers, according to schedule. At no time, the Cunard officials said, was there any question as to the vessel being taken over as a transport since her arrival here last night.

"DUM-DUMS" EXHIBITED BY FRENCH WAR OFFICIALS

Reported to Have Been Taken in Early Alsace Campaign.

BORDEAUX, Sept. 18.—The Foreign office today exhibited to the French and foreign newspapermen assembled here a quantity of dum-dum bullets, which, it was explained, were taken by the French when they originally occupied Muelhausen, in Alsace in the early days of the war.

It was the discovery of these bullets, and reports of the French surgeons that they actually had been used that resulted in the original French note of protest of August 15.

Last Call CLEARANCE SALE OF THINGS FOR MEN

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Now Is the Time to Get BALMACANS

Priestley Craven-elled Rain-Proof, \$7.85

Regular \$15, \$18 and \$20 Values

\$3.50 & \$4.00 Sweaters, \$2.50

Earle & Wilson Red Man Collars, per doz. \$1.10

All Other Men's Furnishings Reduced Accordingly.

Trousers A Specialty JONES 1116 Walnut Street.

RUSSIA GATHERS NEW MILLIONS FOR EASTERN CAMPAIGN

Three New Armies Reported Advancing in Poland—Objective Unknown; May Be Berlin.

ROME, Sept. 18.—The Tribune prints a dispatch from its correspondent in Petrograd to the effect that a new Russian army of 500,000 is advancing in Central Poland.

This is said to be the vanguard of another army of 200,000, which is marching toward Poland now. A third army of 200,000 has been assembled and is beginning to move forward.

It is not clear whether these new forces will proceed into Galicia for a final crushing of the Austrians or advance through Silesia to occupy Berlin.

Homeless Man's Body at Morgue

The body of a homeless man, Frank Murray, 16 years old, was found in the yard of the Standard Charcoal Company, Washington avenue and Fifth street, by Frank Kennedy, an employee, this morning.

The body was taken to the Howard Hospital, where a death was declared due to natural causes, and later removed to the morgue.

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We want you to feel at liberty, at all times, to apply our expert knowledge to the correction of your Fountain Pen ills.

The Hoskins Pen at \$1 is the best value for the money and carries our firm guarantee.

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YOUNG MAN KILLED WHEN HE WALKS IN FRONT OF TRAIN

Settlement Papers to Estate Only Due to His Address.

Walter Shaefer, a young man, whose address the police have not yet been able to establish, was found dead along the railroad tracks east of Nantuxy Falls, yesterday. According to eye witnesses, Shaefer had been walking along tracks when a train arrived from the rear. In his attempt to get out of the way, he ran in front of the locomotive.

The police are endeavoring to locate Howard Shaefer, who is thought to be his brother, and is employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad. Settlement papers of the estate of Morris Shaefer were alone found on the body.

BOMB FROM AIR BURNS GERMAN SHIP AT KIAO CHAU

Japanese Aviators Attempt to Wreck Wireless Station Also.

Official announcement was made today that a bomb dropped by a Japanese aviator had set fire to a German ship in Kiaochow Bay. Attempts to wreck the wireless station there in the same manner have failed thus far.

The censorship was tightened today and correspondents were notified that hereafter they would not be informed whether or not their dispatches had been sent.

Shoes that Make a man well-dressed

Men who want something "different" should see this new gaiter-top shoe. The cloth tops and the lining of this shoe are decidedly French and will find immediate favor among smart dressers.

In Black Calf or Patents, button or lace, with fawn or grey top.

A shoe of the "Beau Brummel" type

The Big Shoe Store 1204-06-08 Market St.

ONYX SILK HOSIERY, 3 pairs for \$1.

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Men's Dept. Main Floor

Men's Dept. Main Floor

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Men's Dept. Main Floor